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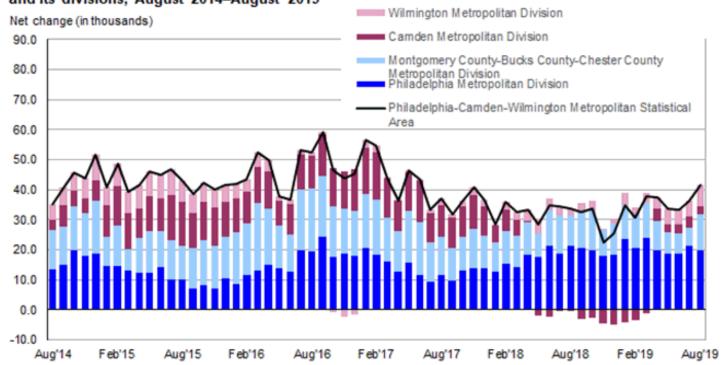
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# Philadelphia Area Employment – August 2019 Area's Rate of Employment Growth Matches the National Average

Total nonfarm employment for the Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD Metropolitan Statistical Area stood at 2,960,500 in August 2019, up 41,500, or 1.4 percent, over the year, the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics reported today. During the same period, the national job count also increased 1.4 percent. Sheila Watkins, the Bureau's regional commissioner, noted that the Philadelphia area has had consecutive over-the-year employment increases for more than seven years. (See chart 1 and table 1; the Technical Note at the end of this release contains metropolitan area definitions. All data in this release are not seasonally adjusted; accordingly, over-the-year analysis is used throughout.)

Chart 1. Total nonfarm employment, over-the-year net change in the Philadelphia metropolitan area and its divisions, August 2014–August 2019



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

The Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD Metropolitan Statistical Area is made up of four metropolitan divisions—separately identifiable employment centers within the greater metropolitan area. All four divisions saw employment increases over the year. The Philadelphia Metropolitan Division, with 33 percent of the area's employment, gained 19,800 jobs since last August. The Montgomery County-Bucks

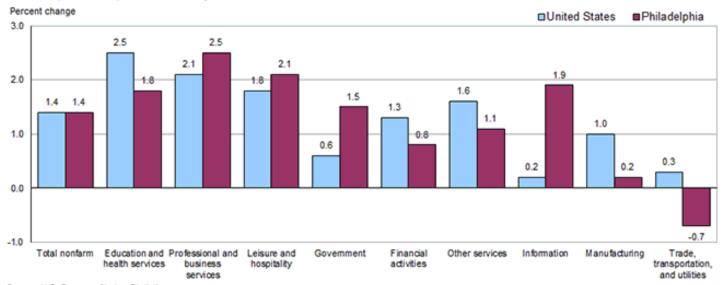
County-Chester County Metropolitan Division, with 37 percent of the area's employment, added 12,200 jobs, and the Wilmington Metropolitan Division, with 12 percent of the area's employment, added 6,900 jobs. The Camden Metropolitan Division, with the remaining 18 percent, had an increase of 2,600 jobs over the year.

### **Industry employment**

In the greater Philadelphia metropolitan area, education and health services had the largest employment gain from August 2018 to August 2019, adding 11,800 jobs. The Philadelphia area's 1.8-percent growth in education and health services employment was slower than the nationwide increase of 2.5 percent. (See chart 2.) The Montgomery County division added 6,000 jobs and the Philadelphia division added 4,400 jobs.

Professional and business services (+11,600); mining, logging, and construction (+6,600); and leisure and hospitality (+6,100) had the next largest over-the-year local job gains. The 2.5-percent local rate of job growth in professional and business services was faster than the 2.1-percent gain for the nation. Leisure and hospitality employment grew 2.1 percent in the Philadelphia area compared to 1.8 percent nationally.

Chart 2. Total nonfarm and selected industry supersector employment, over-the-year percent change, United States and the Philadelphia metropolitan area, August 2019



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

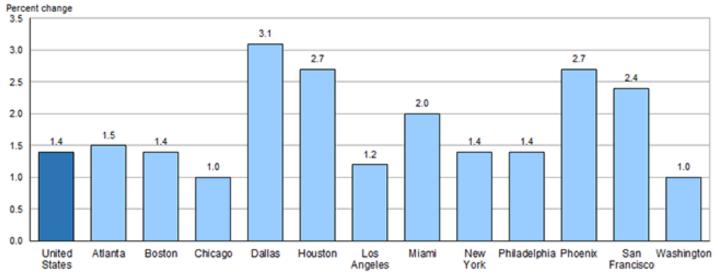
Three other supersectors in the local area gained at least 1,000 jobs each since last August: government (+4,700), financial activities (+1,700), and other services (+1,300).

Trade, transportation, and utilities was the only supersector in the Philadelphia area to lose more than 1,000 jobs since August 2018, down 3,500 jobs.

## **Employment in the 12 largest metropolitan areas**

Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington was one of the nation's 12 largest metropolitan statistical areas in August 2019. All 12 areas had over-the-year job growth during the period, with the rates of job growth in six areas exceeding the national average of 1.4 percent. Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington had the fastest rate of job growth, up 3.1 percent, followed by Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land and Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale (+2.7 percent each). Chicago-Naperville-Elgin and Washington-Arlington-Alexandria had the slowest annual rates of job growth (+1.0 percent each), followed by Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim (+1.2 percent). (See chart 3 and table 2.)

Chart 3. Total nonfarm employment, over-the-year percent change, United States and 12 largest metropolitan areas, August 2019



Source: U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

New York-Newark-Jersey City added the largest number of jobs over the year, 134,200, followed by Dallas with 115,800 jobs. Washington had the smallest employment gain over the year, adding 33,600 jobs, followed by Boston-Cambridge-Nashua with 39,600 jobs. Annual gains in the remaining eight metropolitan areas ranged from 81,900 in Houston to 41,500 in Philadelphia.

Over the year, education and health services added the most jobs in seven areas: Boston, Chicago, Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, New York, Philadelphia, and Phoenix. Professional business services added the most jobs in three areas: Dallas, Houston, and San Francisco-Oakland-Hayward. Leisure and hospitality was the leading job producer in Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell and Washington.

The information sector recorded the largest employment loss in five areas since August 2018: Chicago, Dallas, Houston, Miami, and Phoenix. The trade, transportation, and utilities sector lost the most jobs in Boston, Philadelphia, and Washington.

Metropolitan area employment data for September 2019 are scheduled to be released on Friday, October 18, 2019, at 10:00 a.m. (ET).

### **Technical Note**

This release presents nonfarm payroll employment estimates from the Current Employment Statistics (CES) program. The CES survey is a Federal-State cooperative endeavor between State employment security agencies and the Bureau of Labor Statistics.

**Definitions.** Employment data refer to persons on establishment payrolls who receive pay for any part of the pay period which includes the 12th of the month. Persons are counted at their place of work rather than at their place of residence; those appearing on more than one payroll are counted on each payroll. Industries are classified on the basis of their principal activity in accordance with the 2017 version of the North American Industry Classification System.

**Method of estimation.** CES State and Area employment data are produced using several estimation procedures. Where possible these data are produced using a "weighted link relative" estimation technique in which a ratio of current-month weighted employment to that of the previous-month weighted employment is computed from a sample of establishments reporting for both months. The estimates of employment for the current month are then obtained by multiplying these ratios by the previous month's employment estimates. The weighted link relative technique is utilized for data series where the sample size meets certain statistical criteria.

**Annual revisions.** Employment estimates are adjusted annually to a complete count of jobs, called benchmarks, derived principally from tax reports which are submitted by employers who are covered under state unemployment insurance (UI) laws. The benchmark information is used to adjust the monthly estimates between the new benchmark and the preceding one and also to establish the level of employment for the new benchmark month. Thus, the benchmarking process establishes the level of employment, and the sample is used to measure the month-to-month changes in the level for the subsequent months.

Reliability of the estimates. The estimates presented in this release are based on sample survey and administrative data and thus are subject to sampling and other types of errors. Sampling error is a measure of sampling variability—that is, variation that occurs by chance because a sample rather than the entire population is surveyed. Survey data are also subject to nonsampling errors, such as those which can be introduced into the data collection and processing operations. Estimates not directly derived from sample surveys are subject to additional errors resulting from the special estimation processes used. The sums of individual items may not always equal the totals shown in the same tables because of rounding.

**Employment estimates.** Measures of sampling error for the total private employment series are available for metropolitan areas and metropolitan divisions at www.bls.gov/sae/790stderr.htm. Measures of sampling error for more detailed series at the area and division level are available upon request. Measures of sampling error for states down to the supersector level are available on the BLS website at www.bls.gov/sae/790stderr.htm. Measures of nonsampling error are not available for the areas contained in this release. Information on recent benchmark revisions is available online at www.bls.gov/web/laus/benchmark.pdf.

**Area definitions.** The substate area data published in this release reflect the delineations issued by the U.S. Office of Management and Budget on April 10, 2018. A detailed list of the geographic definitions is available at www.bls.gov/lau/lausmsa.htm.

The Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PA-NJ-DE-MD Metropolitan Statistical Area includes Bucks, Chester, Delaware, Montgomery, and Philadelphia Counties in Pennsylvania; Burlington, Camden, Gloucester, and Salem Counties in New Jersey; New Castle County in Delaware; and Cecil County in Maryland.

- The Camden, NJ Metropolitan Division includes Burlington, Camden, and Gloucester Counties in New Jersey.
- The Montgomery County-Bucks County-Chester County, PA Metropolitan Division includes Bucks, Chester, and Montgomery Counties in Pennsylvania.
- The Philadelphia, PA Metropolitan Division includes Delaware and Philadelphia Counties in Pennsylvania.
- The Wilmington, DE-MD-NJ Metropolitan Division includes New Castle County in Delaware; Cecil County in Maryland; and Salem County in New Jersey.

#### **Additional information**

More complete information on the technical procedures used to develop these estimates and additional data appear in Employment and Earnings, which is available online at www.bls.gov/opub/ee/home.htm. Industry employment data for states and metropolitan areas from the Current Employment Statistics program are also available in the above mentioned news releases and from the Internet at www.bls.gov/sae/790stderr.htm.

Information in this release will be made available to sensory impaired individuals upon request. Voice phone: (202) 691-5200; Federal Relay Service: (800) 877-8339.

Table 1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, Philadelphia metropolitan area and its components, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands)

Area		Aug	Aug Jun 2018 2019	Jul 2019	Aug 2019 (p)	Aug 2018 to Aug 2019 (p)	
7 1100	data	2018				Net change	Percent change
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PaN.J DelMd. Metropolitan Statistical Area							
Total nonfarm	MA	2,919.0	2,988.0	2,958.0	2,960.5	41.5	1.4
Mining, logging, and construction	MAC	121.8	128.0	128.7	128.4	6.6	5.4
Manufacturing	Mr	182.7	183.5	183.3	183.0	0.3	0.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities	MAC	519.4	520.9	518.8	515.9	-3.5	-0.7
Information	Mr	48.5	49.0	49.1	49.4	0.9	1.9
Financial activities	M	217.6	218.6	218.8	219.3	1.7	0.0
Professional and business services	Mr	467.0	478.7	475.7	478.6	11.6	2.5
Education and health services	M	640.3	653.9	650.4	652.1	11.8	1.8
Leisure and hospitality	MA	285.0	293.3	293.3	291.1	6.1	2.1
Other services	M	122.2	125.2	124.1	123.5	1.3	1.1
Government	MA	314.5	336.9	315.8	319.2	4.7	1.5
Philadelphia, Pa. Metropolitan Division							
Total nonfarm	M	951.7	976.7	970.0	971.5	19.8	2.1
Mining, logging, and construction	MA	25.1	26.6	26.6	26.5	1.4	5.6
Manufacturing	MA	34.5	33.9	33.9	33.8	-0.7	-2.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities	MA	134.4	135.5	134.6	134.3	-0.1	-0.1
Information	MA	14.6	15.1	15.1	15.2	0.6	4.1
Financial activities	MA	60.0	61.6	61.7	61.9	1.9	3.2
Professional and business services	M	134.1	137.5	138.8	140.0	5.9	4.4
Education and health services	MY	286.0	292.7	292.1	290.4	4.4	1.5
Leisure and hospitality	MA	97.9	103.5	101.9	101.7	3.8	3.9
Other services	MA	40.2	41.1	41.0	41.0	0.8	2.0
Government	MY	124.9	129.2	124.3	126.7	1.8	1.4
Philadelphia City, Pa.							
Total nonfarm	W	716.3	734.7	731.0	733.5	17.2	2.4
Mining, logging, and construction	W	12.8	13.7	13.6	13.5	0.7	5.5
Manufacturing	MA	20.0	19.5	19.4	19.3	-0.7	-3.
Trade, transportation, and utilities	M	92.2	92.9	92.3	92.2	0.0	0.0
Information	W	11.8	12.3	12.2	12.3	0.5	4.2
Financial activities	M	43.1	44.4	44.6	44.8	1.7	3.9
Professional and business services	MA	100.2	102.6	103.4	105.7	5.5	5.5
Education and health services	M	230.4	235.1	235.6	233.3	2.9	1.3
Leisure and hospitality	MA	74.5	79.9	78.5	78.5	4.0	5.4
Other services	MA	28.5	29.1	29.1	29.1	0.6	2.
Government	M	102.8	105.2	102.3	104.8	2.0	1.9
Delaware County, Pa.							
Total nonfarm	W	235.4	242.0	239.0	238.0	2.6	1.1
Mining, logging, and construction	MA	12.3	12.9	13.0	13.0	0.7	5.7
Manufacturing	MA	14.5	14.4	14.5	14.5	0.0	0.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities	MA	42.2	42.6	42.3	42.1	-0.1	-0.2
Information	MA	2.8	2.8	2.9	2.9	0.1	3.6
Financial activities	MA	16.9	17.2	17.1	17.1	0.2	1.2
Professional and business services	MA	33.9	34.9	35.4	34.3	0.4	1.2
Education and health services	M	55.6	57.6	56.5	57.1	1.5	2.7
Leisure and hospitality	MA	23.4	23.6	23.4	23.2	-0.2	-0.9
Other services	MA	11.7	12.0	11.9	11.9	0.2	1.7
	W	22.1	24.0	22.0	21.9	-0.2	-0.9

Table 1. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, Philadelphia metropolitan area and its components, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands) - Continued

Area	Back data	Aug	Jun	Jul	Aug 2019 (p)	Aug 2018 to Aug 2019 (p)	
		2018	2019	2019		Net change	Percent change
Montgomery County-Bucks County-Chester County, Pa. Metropolitan Division							
Total nonfarm	W	1,072.9	1,091.7	1,083.2	1,085.1	12.2	1.1
Mining, logging, and construction	W	55.5	56.8	57.6	57.8	2.3	4.1
Manufacturing	W	90.7	90.3	89.7	89.9	-0.8	-0.9
Trade, transportation, and utilities	W	199.7	199.3	199.2	197.2	-2.5	-1.3
Information	W	23.5	24.2	24.3	24.5	1.0	4.3
Financial activities	W	84.6	84.4	84.1	84.3	-0.3	-0.4
Professional and business services	W	205.4	210.3	209.6	211.4	6.0	2.9
Education and health services	W	192.3	197.0	195.9	198.3	6.0	3.1
Leisure and hospitality	W	97.6	96.5	96.9	95.8	-1.8	-1.8
Other services	W	49.0	50.2	49.8	49.3	0.3	0.6
Government	W	74.6	82.7	76.1	76.6	2.0	2.7
Camden, N.J. Metropolitan Division							
Total nonfarm	MAY	534.9	551.4	538.5	537.5	2.6	0.5
Mining, logging, and construction	MY	23.8	26.7	26.4	25.7	1.9	8.0
Manufacturing	MAY	39.3	40.1	40.6	40.2	0.9	2.3
Trade, transportation, and utilities	MY	121.6	124.0	123.6	122.6	1.0	0.8
Information	W	7.1	6.6	6.6	6.6	-0.5	-7.0
Financial activities	MY	29.4	28.4	28.8	28.9	-0.5	-1.7
Professional and business services	W	74.3	76.5	73.4	73.3	-1.0	-1.3
Education and health services	MY	98.7	99.1	97.5	98.4	-0.3	-0.3
Leisure and hospitality	W	52.5	54.2	54.7	54.1	1.6	3.0
Other services	W	18.9	19.5	19.1	19.0	0.1	0.5
Government	W	69.3	76.3	67.8	68.7	-0.6	-0.9
Wilmington, DelMdN.J. Metropolitan Division							
Total nonfarm	MAY	359.5	368.2	366.3	366.4	6.9	1.9
Mining, logging, and construction	MAY	17.4	17.9	18.1	18.4	1.0	5.7
Manufacturing	W	18.2	19.2	19.1	19.1	0.9	4.9
Trade, transportation, and utilities	W	63.7	62.1	61.4	61.8	-1.9	-3.0
Information	MAY	3.3	3.1	3.1	3.1	-0.2	-6.1
Financial activities	W	43.6	44.2	44.2	44.2	0.6	1.4
Professional and business services	W	53.2	54.4	53.9	53.9	0.7	1.3
Education and health services	W	63.3	65.1	64.9	65.0	1.7	2.7
Leisure and hospitality	W	37.0	39.1	39.8	39.5	2.5	6.8
Other services	W	14.1	14.4	14.2	14.2	0.1	0.7
Government	W	45.7	48.7	47.6	47.2	1.5	3.3

Footnotes

SOURCE: Current Employment Statistics - NationalState and Metropolitan Area

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<sup>(</sup>p) Preliminary

Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, United States and 12 large metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands)

Aroa	Back data	Aug	Jun	Jul	Aug	Aug 20 Aug 20	
Area		2018	2019	2019	2019 (p)	Net change	Percent change
United States							
Total nonfarm	Mr	149,453	152,243	151,169	151,517	2,064	1.4
Mining and logging	Mr	757	762	763	762	5	0.7
Construction	Mr	7,587	7,699	7,750	7,764	177	2.3
Manufacturing	Mr	12,801	12,926	12,922	12,934	133	1.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities	MA	27,661	27,831	27,801	27,748	87	0.3
Information	MA	2,851	2,837	2,848	2,856	5	0.2
Financial activities	MA	8,646	8,712	8,760	8,760	114	1.3
Professional and business services	Mr	21,216	21,584	21,604	21,668	452	2.
Education and health services	W	23,444	24,032	23,944	24,021	577	2.
Leisure and hospitality	M	17,096	17,403	17,478	17,398	302	1.8
Other services	₩ 	5,890	6,014	6,020	5,983	93	1.
Government	W	21,504	22,443	21,279	21,623	119	0.
Atlanta-Sandy Springs-Roswell, Ga.							
Total nonfarm	MA	2,805.6	2,841.7	2,835.8	2,848.1	42.5	1.5
Mining and logging	MA	1.6	1.6	1.6	1.6	0.0	0.
Construction	MA	127.6	134.6	134.2	133.7	6.1	4.
Manufacturing	MY	172.1	174.0	175.2	175.4	3.3	1.
Trade, transportation, and utilities	MAY	603.1	606.6	606.1	604.2	1.1	0.
Information	MY	99.2	99.1	99.3	98.8	-0.4	-0.
Financial activities	MAY	175.3	174.6	176.2	176.8	1.5	0.
Professional and business services	Mr	528.4	539.2	538.8	538.0	9.6	1.
Education and health services	MY	357.6	359.7	360.4	365.9	8.3	2.
Leisure and hospitality	Mr	304.9	318.5	318.5	319.4	14.5	4.
Other services	Mr	101.8	98.6	99.3	98.5	-3.3	-3.
Government	W	334.0	335.2	326.2	335.8	1.8	0.
Boston-Cambridge-Nashua, MassN.H.							
(NECTA)		2 770 0	2 027 4	2 040 2	2 010 5	20.6	4
Total nonfarm	<b>₩</b>	2,770.9 122.1	2,837.1 122.3	2,819.3	2,810.5 123.3	39.6 1.2	1. 1.
Mining, logging, and construction	N/W	1		124.6			
Manufacturing	<b>₩</b>	189.4	189.5	189.0	189.0	-0.4	-0.
Trade, transportation, and utilities	Alex Act	423.5	426.0	423.2	421.1	-2.4	-0.
Information	7/4 	81.9 186.9	83.4 186.7	83.7 187.7	84.9 188.1	3.0	3.
Financial activities  Professional and business services	₩.	510.2	513.7	516.5	519.1	1.2 8.9	0.
	\\\ \\\\	571.7		592.6			1.
Education and health services	₩.	1	591.2		589.2 296.7	17.5	3.
Leisure and hospitality	₩.	290.2	299.4	298.9	109.3	6.5	2.
Other services	MA.	107.7 287.3	107.9 317.0	109.7 293.4	289.8	1.6 2.5	1. 0.
Chicago-Naperville-Elgin, IIIIndWis.							
Total nonfarm	MA	4,782.9	4,873.1	4,848.5	4,830.4	47.5	1.
Mining and logging	NA.	1.7	1.7	1.6	1.6	-0.1	-5.
Construction	NA.	189.6	189.7	192.3	190.7	1.1	-5. 0.
Manufacturing	NA.	424.0	430.2	429.6	428.1	4.1	1.
Trade, transportation, and utilities	NA.	950.1	962.4	959.3	959.4	9.3	1.
Information	NA.	78.8	74.5	74.2	74.0	-4.8	-6.
Financial activities	MA.	315.7	317.0	318.5	316.7	1.0	-0. 0.
Professional and business services	V/4.	854.5	859.7	861.6	859.7	5.2	0.
Education and health services	₩.	719.9	746.6	739.0	740.6	20.7	0. 2.
Leisure and hospitality	744	512.7	531.4	532.2	522.0	9.3	1.

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, United States and 12 large metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands) - Continued

Area	Back	Aug	Jun	Jul 2019	Aug 2019 (p)	Aug 20 Aug 20	
Area	data	2018	2019			Net change	Percent change
Other services	M	200.1	201.2	199.6	200.8	0.7	0.3
Government	📈	535.8	558.7	540.6	536.8	1.0	0.2
Dallas-Fort Worth-Arlington, Texas							
Total nonfarm		3,695.1	3,810.1	3,804.5	3,810.9	115.8	3.1
Mining, logging, and construction		223.9	234.2	236.8	238.6	14.7	6.6
Manufacturing		280.2	286.7	288.2	286.9	6.7	2.4
Trade, transportation, and utilities		785.5	799.2	800.4	800.4	14.9	1.9
Information		83.1	81.4	81.5	82.2	-0.9	-1.1
Financial activities		303.7	312.3	317.6	317.7	14.0	4.6
Professional and business services		627.4	647.2	653.6	655.5	28.1	4.5
Education and health services		453.0	461.4	462.8	465.6	12.6	2.8
Leisure and hospitality		392.6	411.8	408.3	407.9	15.3	3.9
Other services		125.8	132.5	130.8	129.9	4.1	3.3
Government	W	419.9	443.4	424.5	426.2	6.3	1.5
Houston-The Woodlands-Sugar Land, Texas							
Total nonfarm	W	3,085.0	3,185.2	3,166.9	3,166.9	81.9	2.7
Mining and logging		79.2	87.6	86.9	85.8	6.6	8.3
Construction		223.5	229.6	228.1	227.1	3.6	1.6
Manufacturing		231.5	240.9	241.6	243.0	11.5	5.0
Trade, transportation, and utilities		624.2	630.4	630.4	630.7	6.5	1.0
Information		31.5	30.7	30.5	29.8	-1.7	-5.4
Financial activities		165.7	166.6	168.0	168.8	3.1	1.9
Professional and business services		499.5	516.4	520.6	522.3	22.8	4.6
Education and health services		396.4	402.0	400.3	406.0	9.6	2.4
Leisure and hospitality	W	332.9	341.1	341.4	337.6	4.7	1.4
Other services		111.9	122.2	120.3	121.6	9.7	8.7
Government		388.7	417.7	398.8	394.2	5.5	1.4
Los Angeles-Long Beach-Anaheim, Calif.							
Total nonfarm	W	6,131.3	6,246.4	6,174.7	6,202.9	71.6	1.2
Mining and logging		2.4	2.4	2.5	2.5	0.1	4.2
Construction		257.7	266.8	269.6	268.5	10.8	4.2
Manufacturing		504.5	505.2	505.4	505.4	0.9	0.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities		1,111.0	1,104.7	1,108.4	1,108.5	-2.5	-0.2
Information		240.3	236.9	236.0	241.3	1.0	0.4
Financial activities		343.4	338.1	341.6	343.9	0.5	0.1
Professional and business services		943.9	947.8	951.8	960.8	16.9	1.8
Education and health services		1,039.7	1,066.7	1,057.3	1,068.8	29.1	2.8
Leisure and hospitality		766.7	788.4	784.6	783.6	16.9	2.2
Other services		211.1	215.5	213.7	213.5	2.4	1.1
Government	M	710.6	773.9	703.8	706.1	-4.5	-0.6
Miami-Fort Lauderdale-West Palm Beach, Fla.							
Total nonfarm	W	2,672.7	2,703.8	2,699.8	2,725.8	53.1	2.0
Mining and logging		0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.0	0.0
Construction	₩	138.9	143.5	143.5	141.7	2.8	2.0
Manufacturing		89.8	91.5	91.8	91.8	2.0	2.2
Trade, transportation, and utilities	₩	603.6	607.8	606.4	606.9	3.3	0.5
Information		51.9	50.6	50.4	50.1	-1.8	-3.5
Financial activities		184.4	186.2	186.5	187.7	3.3	1.8

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, United States and 12 large metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands) - Continued

Area	Back	Aug	Jun 2019	Jul	Aug 2019 (p)	Aug 2018 to Aug 2019 (p)	
	data	2018		2019		Net change	Percent change
Professional and business services	M	446.8	459.1	461.3	461.3	14.5	3.2
Education and health services	MA	397.9	413.9	413.6	417.0	19.1	4.8
Leisure and hospitality	MA	323.1	330.4	328.2	327.6	4.5	1.4
Other services	MA	122.8	126.3	126.4	126.7	3.9	3.2
Government	W	312.8	293.8	291.0	314.3	1.5	0.5
New York-Newark-Jersey City, N.YN.JPa.							
Total nonfarm	M	9,803.8	10,058.8	9,990.2	9,938.0	134.2	1.4
Mining, logging, and construction	M	420.9	433.5	435.7	436.5	15.6	3.
Manufacturing	Mr	362.2	366.9	364.6	363.2	1.0	0.3
Trade, transportation, and utilities	Mr	1,717.5	1,746.3	1,727.8	1,722.0	4.5	0.3
Information	MA	296.0	296.5	297.5	297.0	1.0	0.3
Financial activities	MA	794.4	780.9	785.7	783.6	-10.8	-1.4
Professional and business services	M	1,586.9	1,607.5	1,595.0	1,590.7	3.8	0.2
Education and health services	M	1,926.2	2,036.8	2,001.6	1,995.9	69.7	3.0
Leisure and hospitality	MAY	985.2	1,009.4	1,025.0	1,019.9	34.7	3.5
Other services	M	425.0	437.2	436.6	435.4	10.4	2.4
Government	W	1,289.5	1,343.8	1,320.7	1,293.8	4.3	0.3
Philadelphia-Camden-Wilmington, PaN.J DelMd.							
Total nonfarm	W	2,919.0	2,988.0	2,958.0	2,960.5	41.5	1.4
Mining, logging, and construction	W	121.8	128.0	128.7	128.4	6.6	5.4
Manufacturing	W	182.7	183.5	183.3	183.0	0.3	0.3
Trade, transportation, and utilities	W.	519.4	520.9	518.8	515.9	-3.5	-0.
Information	W	48.5	49.0	49.1	49.4	0.9	1.9
Financial activities	WA	217.6	218.6	218.8	219.3	1.7	0.8
Professional and business services		467.0	478.7	475.7	478.6	11.6	2.5
Education and health services	W.	640.3	653.9	650.4	652.1	11.8	
	WA						1.8 2. <sup>-</sup>
Leisure and hospitality		285.0 122.2	293.3	293.3	291.1	6.1	
Other services	W.	314.5	125.2 336.9	124.1 315.8	123.5 319.2	1.3 4.7	1. <sup>.</sup> 1.
Phoenix-Mesa-Scottsdale, Ariz.							
Total nonfarm	W	2,102.8	2,126.5	2,117.7	2,160.4	57.6	2.
Mining and logging	MA	3.7	3.7	3.7	3.7	0.0	0.0
Construction	W	126.0	137.4	137.0	137.0	11.0	8.7
Manufacturing	MY	128.4	134.8	136.0	136.5	8.1	6.3
Trade, transportation, and utilities	W	402.6	408.8	409.0	411.3	8.7	2.2
Information	W	38.6	38.2	37.6	37.8	-0.8	-2. <sup>-</sup>
Financial activities	MA	193.3	193.7	193.4	196.6	3.3	1.5
Professional and business services	W	355.2	361.4	360.0	359.7	4.5	1.3
Education and health services	W.	324.5	333.7	335.2	338.6	14.1	4.3
Leisure and hospitality	W	224.7	228.7	227.2	228.0	3.3	1.9
Other services	WA	69.2	70.7	70.1	71.1	1.9	2.
Government	W	236.6	215.4	208.5	240.1	3.5	1.5
San Francisco-Oakland-Hayward, Calif.							
Total nonfarm	W	2,449.7	2,512.3	2,506.2	2,508.8	59.1	2.4
		0.3	2,512.3	0.3	2,508.8	0.0	0.0
Mining and logging	WA.						
Construction	AN A	127.4	137.6	137.3	137.5	10.1	7.9
Manufacturing	AV.	146.6	143.7	144.1	144.0	-2.6	-1.
Trade, transportation, and utilities	W.	379.6 119.2	377.4 123.0	379.7 123.8	379.5 124.4	-0.1 5.2	0.

Note: See footnotes at end of table.

Table 2. Employees on nonfarm payrolls by industry supersector, United States and 12 large metropolitan areas, not seasonally adjusted (numbers in thousands) - Continued

Area	Back data	Aug Jun 2018 2019	Jun	Jul	Aug	Aug 2018 to Aug 2019 (p)	
			2019	2019 (p)	Net change	Percent change	
Financial activities	MY	142.9	145.8	147.7	147.2	4.3	3.0
Professional and business services	MA	500.7	516.7	522.0	522.2	21.5	4.3
Education and health services	M	352.1	365.6	363.3	364.4	12.3	3.5
Leisure and hospitality	٧١٨٠	279.4	286.0	286.4	285.7	6.3	2.3
Other services	MA	89.1	87.5	87.4	86.7	-2.4	-2.7
Government	MY	312.4	328.7	314.2	316.9	4.5	1.4
Washington-Arlington-Alexandria, D.CVaMdW.Va.							
Total nonfarm	MA	3,301.1	3,359.7	3,361.1	3,334.7	33.6	1.0
Mining, logging, and construction	MA	164.6	162.8	164.9	167.3	2.7	1.6
Manufacturing	٧١٨٠	56.0	56.2	56.4	55.4	-0.6	-1.1
Trade, transportation, and utilities	MY	405.9	405.8	404.0	401.5	-4.4	-1.1
Information	M	74.5	73.6	73.9	73.2	-1.3	-1.7
Financial activities	٧١٨٠	160.2	158.3	157.1	158.0	-2.2	-1.4
Professional and business services	٧٨٠	770.6	778.6	784.5	780.0	9.4	1.2
Education and health services	٧١٨٠	435.9	443.3	443.8	444.8	8.9	2.0
Leisure and hospitality	No	346.0	362.9	361.1	361.6	15.6	4.5
Other services	M	210.1	212.0	214.0	213.1	3.0	1.4
Government	M	677.3	706.2	701.4	679.8	2.5	0.4

Footnotes

(p) Preliminary SOURCE: Current Employment Statistics - NationalState and Metropolitan Area

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